

Becoming a future-ready learner

#### LEARNING WITH TECHNOLOGY



A vibrant school with a culture of care and the spirit of excellence

# P2 Parent Engagement Session

#### LEARNING WITH TECHNOLOGY



# Recall PES 2024

"Every student needs to be a **creator**, a **connector** and a **contributor** 

going forward"

~ Minister Chan Chun Sing, Minister of Education

#### Creator

"Create new value for themselves, for our country and for the global system"

#### Connector

"Collaborate with other people, not just domestically, but with our overseas partners"

#### **Contributor**

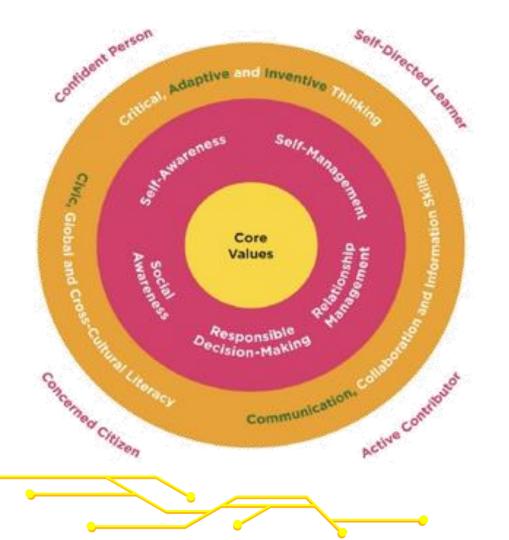
"Appreciate the diversity of strengths... everyone can contribute something"



#### LEARNING WITH TECHNOLOGY



## Every student a Creator, Connector, Contributor



# Our Aim

- Students will create new value for an uncertain tomorrow
- Connect diverse people, bridge differences and seize opportunities
- Contribute to society, no matter their background





## **Adaptive Thinking**

**Inventive Thinking** 

i. confident in situations in which they do i. curious and reflective about what they

sense of

have resilient in

To better enable students to be creators

proaching

ii. able to r nimbly

## **Civic Literacy**

So they can appreciate our history and contribute to society

## Communication

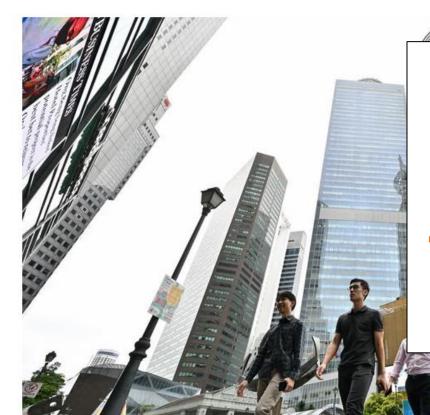
So they can build bridges between those from different walks of life

#### LEARNING WITH TECHNOLOGY



# More 'non-creative' job roles require creative skills: SkillsFuture report

#### **The Straits Times 24 January 2025**



The fourth edition of SSG's Skills Demand for the Future Economy Report was launched on Jan 22 by Minister of State for Education and Manpower Gan Siow Huang.

The latest report includes a feature on creative skills, which refers to those that require innovative thinking and the ability to generate original ideas or concepts.

Forty creative skills – from design creation and development to brand management – have become more transferable since 2019. This indicates that more job roles are increasingly asking for such skills, the report stated.







Inventive Thinking

SKGians engaged in a hands-on learning experience by using recyclables to create crafts.

Students engaged in role-play and used play money to 'buy and sell' crafts.







Inventive Thinking

SKGians exploring if their position affects their mass, igniting curiosity and exploring possibilities through hands-on discovery.



# Collaboration and Information Skills



SKGians worked with their peers to explore the concept of measurements







#### **Communication Skills**

SKGians took part in speech and drama performances to develop confidence in communication and public speaking.

More importantly, SKGians learn about resilience and teamwork through the countless practices and rehearsals.

**Adaptive Thinking** 





**Civic Literacy** 





Students learning about the life cycle of a butterfly and its importance in the ecosystem while reading a big book about butterflies.



## How parents can support 21CC development at home

#### **How to foster Adaptive Thinking?**

#### **Examples:**

#### Promote flexibility:



Let your child to decide and try different ways to solving challenges.

#### Share your experiences:

Share stories when you had to adapt and overcome challenges.





## How parents can support 21CC development at home

#### Celebrating Your Child's Efforts and Successes





Celebrating your child's efforts and successes helps to reinforce good behaviours. In fact, celebrating and praising efforts are generally more effective ways to encourage lasting behavioural changes, compared to punishment.

#### Things You Can Do



Celebrate your child's efforts, successes and the experiences gained along the way regardless of the final outcomes.

#### For younger children:

1 Ask your child to write down positive things that they have done or achieved (e.g. being chosen to be a group leader, doing housework, helping a friend out) on a board at home to recognise achievements. Ask them to update the board regularly.



#### For older children:

- Make a conscious effort to celebrate their milestones and achievements (e.g. graduating from secondary school, finding a part time job).
- Ask how they would like to celebrate and involve them in planning the celebration.
- 3 Discuss with your child and agree on extrinsic rewards.
  - Examples of extrinsic rewards include: more independence (e.g. later curfew), gifts, engaging in meaningful activities (e.g. classes that they are interested in).
- (4) Remember to focus on intrinsic rewards as well by asking them to share their sense of meaning or accomplishment.

#### O Things You Can Say

 Be specific in praising your child's efforts whenever they do something good.

You were angry just now, but you managed to calm yourself down. That was very mature of you.

② Tell your child that you are proud of them, e.g. how they had tried their best in overcoming an obstacle.

> I can see how hard you had tried and I'm really proud of you!

#### $\Lambda$

- Avoid comparing your child with other children as that may lower your child's morale and make them less eager to give their best effort.
- · Avoid overpraising them or overpromising rewards, to prevent excessive reliance on extrinsic rewards

#### Parenting for Wellness Toolbox

#### **How to foster Inventive Thinking?**

#### **Examples:**

Celebrate efforts, successes and failures:

Celebrate the experiences gained along the way regardless of the final outcomes.

Allow mistakes to be part of their learning process.



## How parents can support 21CC development at home

#### **How to foster Communication Skills?**

**Examples:** 



**Encourage talks:** 

Have regular check-in and help your child manage his/her feelings and thoughts.

**How to foster Civic Literacy?** 

**Examples:** 

Raise awareness on important events in Singapore:

Talk about and participate in celebrations together.



## How parents can support your child's learning



## **Notice Thinking**

(even when the answer is incorrect.)

E.g., I like how you have used what you already know about a trapezium to solve the first part of the question.

#### **Focus on the Learning Over the Work**

Learning is the goal of an assignment.

Take a moment to ask your child the purpose of the homework or revision exercise.

E.g., What do you think is *the purpose* of this writing assignment?

Do you know what you need to improve on? How do you intend to do so?



## How parents can support your child's learning



#### What makes you say that?

E.g., What makes you say that the water will evaporate? What did you notice that makes you say that?

## Challenge but Don't Rescue

Teach your child to persevere and embrace struggle and learn to handle unfamiliarity.

Ask questions that will help him/her to develop agency such as:

Can you read the question once more?
What model can you draw?
Can you check the examples in the textbook?



More resources from Project Zero.



## How parents can support your child's learning

- Start early
- Set goals with your child
- Regular revision and reading
- Plan a study timetable together
- Identify and support your child's needs
- Listen to build the relationship



# **THANK YOU**





# Thankyou





